Peter and John Heal a Lame Man

Acts 3

Opening

Gathering: Give examples of unexpected opportunities to be God's witness.

Today's Focus: Peter responded to an unexpected opportunity to witness and over 1000 became Christian.

Key Verses: They devoted themselves to the apostles' teaching and to the fellowship, to the breaking of

bread and to prayer. And the Lord added to their number daily. Acts 2:42, 47

Jesus' name and the faith that comes through Him has given this complete healing. Acts 3:16

Opening Prayer

Lesson

A New Beginning (Acts 1)

What seemed to the disciples as a final ending but was really a new beginning?

John 16:5-7, 20-22

How did Jesus use the symbolic number 40 to point out that this was a new beginning?

Acts 1:3

What was this new beginning?

Luke 24:45-51

Did this new beginning start the moment Jesus ascended?

Acts 1:4-5

How were they able to recognize when this new beginning started?

Acts 2:1-4

A Powerful Jump-Start (Acts 2)

What was the purpose of this new beginning?

Matthew 28:19-20

How many people were first charged with this commission?

Acts 1:15

How could such a small group handle the task of making disciples of all nations?

Acts 1:8

How was this group given a great jump-start towards this objective?

Acts 2:5-11

How effective was this jump-start to a new beginning?

Acts 2:41

How faithful did these new Christians remain since they lived away from the central church?

Romans 1:7-8, 11-12, 15

The Power to Grow (Acts 2:43)

Was the sending of the Holy Spirit only for the initial jump-start on Pentecost?

John 14:16-17, 26

What about the special power that was shown on Pentecost? Was it only for that day?

Mark 16:17-20

Were such miraculous signs really given to the church to help it grow?

Acts 2:43

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Modus Operandi (Acts 2:42-47)

Did the early Christians spend their time running around showing off their great new powers?

Acts 2:42

How committed were they to this new beginning?

Acts 2:44-45

Did they do these things in hiding so they wouldn't be caught by the authorities?

Acts 2:46-47

Jew to Gentile (Acts 3:1)

Did the early Christians observe Jewish customs in the temple or did they just go there to teach?

Acts 3:1

What times of prayer did the Jews observe?

Daniel 6:10

Was this progression from Jew to Gentile part of God's plan?

Romans 1:16

Why were the Jews first?

John 4:22

What did Jesus mean that salvation is from the Jews?

Genesis 12:1-3

Does this mean that Jews are more important in Christ's family?

Galatians 3:28-29

At the Temple (Acts 3:2-5)

What common encounter did Peter and John have at the temple?

Acts 3:2-3

Beautiful Gate - Believed to be the Nicanor gate (named after its Alexandrian donor)

Main and largest gate; Made of expensive Corinthian bronze, looked like gold

Between Court of the Women and Court of Men; at top of 15 steps; took 20 men to close

Why couldn't women, maimed or unclean pass through the gate?

Leviticus 21:16-18

Those who could not work (blind, lame, etc.) sat on the steps begging from worshippers

Giving alms was an important and respectable part of the Jewish faith

Did Peter and John try to ignore and/or avoid this beggar?

Acts 3:4

Did this work or did the beggar ignore them afraid that they might reprimand or curse him?

Acts 3:5

The Gift (Acts 3:6-7)

Had Peter and John brought money from the church that they would give this man?

Acts 3:6

Was this just a cheap way out, or was it a real gift?

Acts 3:7

How could just the name of Jesus have that much power?

Matthew 28:18

Philippians 2:9-11

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A New Beginning (Acts 3:8-10)

What did the beggar think of these cheapskates who only gave a name?

Acts 3:8

Did the people think this was just an act?

Acts 3:9-10

How was the point of the man's new beginning made even stronger?

Acts 4:22

Opportunity Knocks (Acts 3:11-12)

Did the beggar run home and tell everyone he knew what had happened?

Acts 3:11

Solomon's Colonnade - Porch along east of temple's Court of the Gentiles

Believed to contain ruins from Solomon's temple

Had Peter planned to heal this man or to talk to a crowd when he came to pray?

Acts 3:12

How easily would the people accept Peter's disclaimer after he had healed this lame man?

Acts 4:13

What did Peter later write that applied to his situation?

1 Peter 3:15

Jesus Who? (Acts 3:13-16)

How did Peter begin his introduction to this crowd of who was responsible for this miracle?

Acts 3:13a

How did he remind the crowd who this Jesus was?

Acts 3:13b-14

So was this miracle done to give Peter a chance to tell the Jews they had done wrong?

Acts 3:15

But how did Peter heal this man and what does God's servant Jesus have to do with it?

Acts 3:16

What might the Jews have remembered by Peter's talk?

Genesis 50:19-20

What Should We Do? (Acts 3:17-21)

How did Peter address the remorse of the Jews who now realized they had killed God's servant?

Acts 3:17-18

Since they didn't know what they were doing and it was God's plan, were they innocent?

Leviticus 5:17

What should they do now that they had committed the horrible sin of killing God's Messiah?

Acts 3:19-20

But the Christ had come and been killed. Why did Peter say "that He may send the Christ?"

Acts 3:21

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Past Promises (Acts 3:22-26)

How were they to know that Jesus was a part of God's plan?

Acts 3:22-24

Did the promises start with Moses?

Acts 3:25

How was Jesus mentioned in that original covenant?

Genesis 22:18

But wasn't the Messiah sent for the Jews? What does it mean that He came for all nations?

Acts 3:26

The Result (Acts 4:1-4)

How did Peter finish his speech?

Acts 4:1

Why did they stop Peter?

Acts 4:2

What did they do to get Peter to be quiet?

Acts 4:3

Had Peter's speech had any effect?

Acts 4:4

So what should we remember from Peter's experience?

Colossians 4:5-6

Closing Prayer

Response - Consider and meditate on one each day this week

1. How do I respond when I see people with needs?

(Acts 3:1-4; 10:31; Psalm 37:21; Proverbs 14:31; 18:23; 22:22-23; 28:27;

Matthew 25:31-46; Mark 14:7; Luke 11:5-13; 19:8; John 9:1-7; 1 Corinthians 13:3)

2. Am I more inclined to give money to a cause or to get personally involved?

(Acts 3:4-7; Judges 5:2; 1 Cor 16:15-16; 2 Cor 8:1-15; Philippians 4:10-20; Revelation 2:19)

3. When have I taken credit for something that was clearly the work of God?

(Acts 3:11-16; Romans 3:27-4:3; 1 Corinthians 1:26-31; 3:18-23; 4:7;

2 Corinthians 10:12-18: Galatians 6:14: James 4:13-17)

4. How have I given glory to God when He has accomplished His work through me?

(Acts 3:11-16; 4:18-21; 21:17-20a; Matthew 5:14-16; 9:6-8; 15:29-31; John 15:8;

Luke 7:15-17: 13:13: 17:15-16: 23:47: Romans 4:18-21: 15:14-19: 2 Corinthians 11:16-12:10)

5. When have I recognized and taken an opportunity to witness to Jesus in a common encounter? (Acts 3:1-26; 4:18-20; 8:26-38; 17:16-23; 26:2, 27-29; Luke 24:15-27; Col 4:5-6; 1 Peter 3:15)